I. Implementation of the Aerosol Directive into the Polish legal system

Council Directive 75/324/EEC of 20 May 1975 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to aerosol dispensers ('Aerosol Directive') has been implemented into the Polish legal system by the Act of 30 August 2002 on the conformity assessment system and the Regulation of the Minister for the Economy of 5 November 2009 on the detailed requirements for aerosol products (Notice of the Minister for Entrepreneurship and Technology on the publication of a consolidated text). The national Regulation implementing the Aerosol Directive must be read in conjunction with the above Act.

II. Final test

Before being placed on the market, dispensers covered by the Aerosol Directive should pass a final test, conducted using the hot water bath method or another method that makes it possible to achieve the same pressure and temperature values as in the case of immersion in a hot water bath. The latter method should be approved by the competent authority.

The competent authority – the Institute of Industrial Organic Chemistry (Instytut Przemysłu Organicznego)

http://www.ipo.waw.pl/

III. Requirements set out in the Aerosol Directive

The Aerosol Directive sets out requirements for the size and capacity of aerosol dispensers (metal dispensers, glass aerosol dispensers with a protective coating and glass dispensers without a protective coating), their contents (including classification of aerosol products according to flammability for flammable substances), marking and the maximum allowable pressure in containers. The Directive also contains a detailed description of a flammability test (including special requirements for each of the above three categories of dispensers) and the final test (including the hot water bath test)

IV. Market Surveillance Authorities

The market surveillance authority responsible for the Aerosol Directive is:

Trade Inspectorate (Inspekcja Handlowa) https://www.uokik.gov.pl/wazne_adresy.php#faq595